

Joint Japan-IRENA workshop Accelerating renewable energy deployment in the Pacific region

Current situation of renewable energy deployment in Pacific islands and possible support from Japan

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Okinawa, Japan May 22, 2012



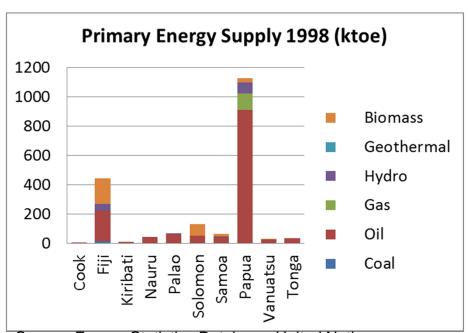
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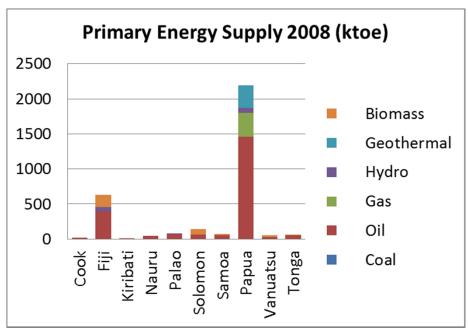


- Overview of PICs
 - Challenges
- Possible Support from Japan

Overview: Primary Energy Supply and Utilization of Renewables in Major PICs







Source: Energy Statistics Database, United Nation

Characteristics of Primary Energy Supply and Utilization of Renewables

- •Major source for PICs is Oil, Coal negligible, but Gas is increasing in PNG
- •Biomass is important source for Fiji, Solomon and Samoa, but declining in Fiji
- •Hydro is important component in Fiji, PNG and Samoa, but declining in PNG
- •Geothermal is limited to PNG, but growing
- •Other Renewables including PV and Wind are insignificant



Characteristics of Energy USE (Summary)

- Limited availability of energy and the geographic characteristics and infrastructure
 - Small Islands and limited in domestic fossil fuel availability
 - Traditional renewables are biomass, hydro, and geothermal, but hydro (Fiji) and geothermal (Vanuatsu) is geographically limited.
- Limited energy access
 - Infrastructure for electricity is limited: household electrification rate is low. Ex.. Fiji 80%, Kiribath 30%, PNG below 10%
- Traditionally pattern
 - Fossil fuels for Transportation and Electric power (Diesel)
 - Firewood and other biomass for residential use
 - Kerosene for lighting

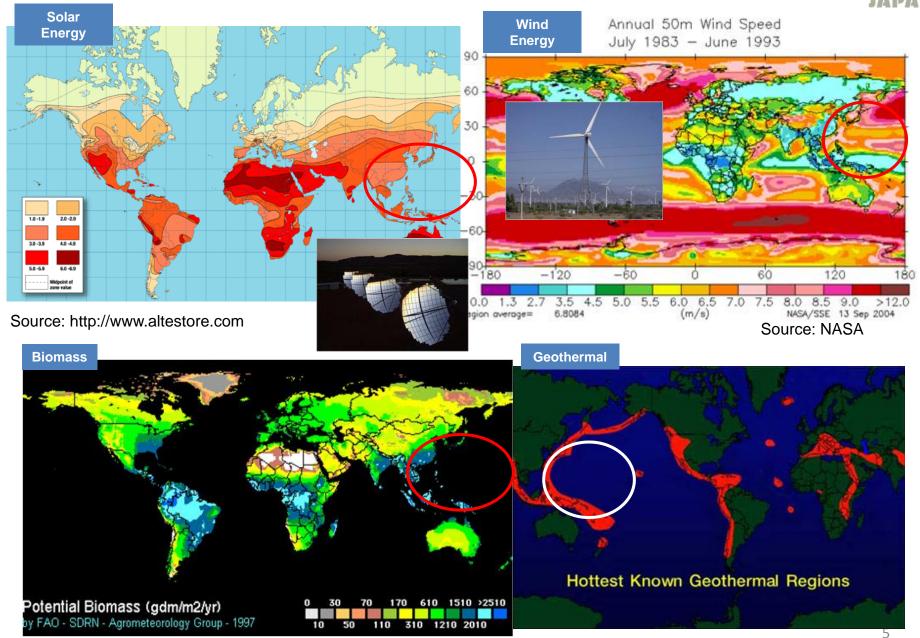
Utilization of renewables is still very limited
New Technologies and International Cooperation

Increased Use of Renewables

 Barbados Declaration (May 8, 2012, United Nations): voluntary commitments of 20 Small Island Developing States (SIDS) to take actions toward providing universal access to energy, switching to renewable energy and reducing dependence on fossil fuels

Rich RE Resources in PICs and the Diversity





Source: FAO

Source: Global Energy Network Institute http://www.geni.org



Challenges:

Application of New emerging technologies to utilize the abundant Renewable Resources in PICs

- Energy Supply
 - For Transportation
 - Utilization of Agricultural Residue for Biofuels
 - Utilization of ocean biomass
 - Electricity
 - Photo-voltaic
 - Offshore wind
 - Ocean Energies
 - Distributed Energy/Electricity Supply
 - Stable Supply and Stability of electricity
 - Energy network for increased energy access
- Social and Economic Development
 - Poverty alleviation through Utilization of local resources and local technologies
 - Biomass
 - Development of human resources for new industries

Possible Support from Japan



- Japan's natural characteristics to share with PICs
 - Same islands in the same pacific
 - Similar RE resources with negligible fossil fuel resources
 - Suffering from nature: Typhoo, Tsunami, Volcanic activities
- Japan's experiences and resources
 - Human resources
 - Technologies
 - Commercial and business ties
 - Long-time cooperation with PICs

Enhanced International Cooperation through IRENA

- Human Resource Development
 - RE technologies and Policy Development
- Possible field of Technology Transfer and Commercial Applications
 - Micro-grid/Smart-grid to enhance energy access
 - Utilization of agricultural resources for energy supply
 - Explore potential of ocean